Manor Park Prímary	School	Science tr	acker		E.
Year 1 (Super Humans) Animals including Humans - parts & senses	Year 2 (Our City in the Spotlight)	Year 3 (Greeks) Animals & Plants	Year 4 (Invaders) States of Matter	Year 5 (Walk like an Egyptian) Reproduction	Year 6 (Rising from the Rubble) Electricity
Lesson 1: Identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense Lesson 2: Identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body Lesson 3: Gather and record data to help in answering questions Identify and classify Lesson 4: Identify and name a variety of common, wild and garden plants including deciduous and evergreen trees	Animals & Plants Lesson 1: Notice that animals including humans have offspring which grow into adults: Lesson 2: I can identify and name a variety of plants & animals. Lesson 3: Identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including micro-habitats: Lesson 4: Food chains I can describe how animals obtain their food from plants and animals using the idea of a simple food chain Lesson 5: Explore and compare differences between things that are living, dead or never been alive:	Lesson 1: To gather, record, classify and present data in a variety of ways to help answering questions Identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers Lesson 2: To explore the requirement of plants for life and growth and how they vary from plant to plant Lesson 3: Identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement Lesson 4: Know humans & animals can't make their own food. They get the nutrients from what they eat	Lesson 1: To compare and group materials together, according to whether they are solids, liquids or gases - each taught separately so children understand their individual properties. Lesson 2: I can observe that some materials change state when they are heated or cooled, and measure or research the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius (°C) Lesson 3: I can observe and understand gases in different contexts. Lesson 4: I can investigate and explain different types of liquids considering their ingredients.	Lesson 1: To describe the life process in reproduction in some plants. Lesson 2: To describe the life process in reproduction in some plants. Lesson 3: To plan different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary. Lesson 4: I can report and present findings from a scientific enquiry.	Lesson 1: Making circuits/drawing recognised symbols Lesson 2: Make circuit and investigate brightness of lamp or volume of buzzer depending on the number/voltage of cells in circuit Lesson 3: To understand how brightness is associated with cells within a circuit. Lesson 4: I can compare and give reasons for variations in how components Can report and present findings from enquiries, including conclusions, casual relationships

Manor Park Primary School Science tracker						
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	(The Wild Woods)	(Our City in the Spotlight)	(Greeks)	(Invaders)	(Walk like an Egyptian)	(Rising from the Rubble)
	Animals & Seasons	Materials	Materials	States of Matter	Properties of materials	Light
Autumn 2	flowering plants	Lesson 1: Identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials: Lesson 2: Identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials: Lesson 3: Find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed:	Lesson 1: To compare and group together different kinds of rocks Lesson 2: To ask relevant questions and use different types of scientific enquiry to answer them Use straight forward scientific evidence to answer questions or support findings Lesson 3: To describe how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rock Recognise that soils are made from rocks and organic matter	Lesson 1: To identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle and associate the rate of evaporation with temperature Lesson 2: Understand temperature and why certain things are cooler or warmer. Lesson 3: Make observations and draw conclusions.	Lesson 1: To identify the effects of air resistance Lesson 2: Plan, setup, observe and record results of an enquiry about the impact shape has within air resistance. Lesson 3: To identify the effects of air resistance, water resistance and friction, that act between moving surfaces Lesson 4: To explain the degree of trust in the results. Identify the effect of water resistance.	Lesson 1: Recognise that light appears to travel in straight lines. Lesson 2: I can use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain that objects are seen because they give our or reflect light into the eye. I can take measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings. Lesson 3: I can recognise that light appears to travel in straight lines. I can use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain that objects are seen because they give out or reflect light into the eye. I can take measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings. Lesson 4: I can use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain why shadows have the same shape as the objects that cast them.

Manor Park Prímary			tracker		
Year 1 (Hear me ROAR!)	Year 2 (Around the world)	Year 3 (Food Glorious Food)	Year 4 (Waves)	Year 5 (Spirit of Samba)	Year 6 (Frozen Planet)
Lesson 1: Identify and name a variety of animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals including Carnivore, herbivore and omnivore Lesson 2: Identify and understand features of animals including animals movement including nocturnal and diurnal creatures	Lesson 1: Describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene. Lesson 2: Gather and record data to help in answering questions Use observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions Lesson 3: Describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene.	Lesson 1: To compare how thing move on different surfaces Lesson 2: Compare and group together everyday materials on the basis of whether they are attracted to a magnet, and identify some magnetic materials Lesson 3: Observe how magnets attract or repel and attract some materials and not others.	Lesson 1: To identify the different types of teeth in human and their simple functions. Lesson 2: To identify the different types of teeth in humans and their simple functions Lesson 3: To understand what makes teeth decay and recognize tips for humans to take care of teeth Lesson 4: I can record results and make simple conclusions from these results Lesson 5: I can describe the simple functions of the basic parts of the digestive system in humans. Lesson 6: I can construct and interpret a variety of food chains, identifying producers, predators and prey Lesson 7: To Record animal digestive systems explaining the functions. Lesson 8: Record and interpret using classification keys to help group and identify elements of animals' feces.	Lesson 1: Interpret and record everyday materials considering key similarities and differences. Lesson 2: To record data and results. Investigate the effect of insulation on the rate of cooling of two beakers of hot water (conductors & insulators). Lesson 3: Plan and investigate an enquiry about solubility comparing properties of materials Lesson 4: Ask questions, plan and investigate an enquiry about mechanisms and their force	Lesson 1: To identify how animals and plants are adapted to suit their environment in different ways and that adaptation may lead to evolution. Lesson 2: To recognise that living things have changed over time and that fossils provide information about living things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago. Lesson 3: To recognise that living things produce offspring of the same kind, but normally offspring vary and are not identical to their parents.